

Essential Real Estate Terminology

THE GLOBAL LEXICON OF PROPERTY WEALTH (2026 EDITION)



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Mastering real estate requires more than just an interest in property; it requires fluency in the language of asset management, market cycles, and legal rights. This guide is designed to provide a universal baseline for both novice buyers and sophisticated investors. By standardizing these definitions, we ensure that every client of REMAX Thailand moves through their transaction with total clarity and technical accuracy. From understanding market "absorption" to deciphering "fiduciary duty," this guide is your primary resource for professional real estate literacy.

1. Market Dynamics & Macro-Environment

The real estate market is a living entity influenced by supply, demand, and sentiment. Understanding these core terms allows you to time your entry and exit points with statistical precision.

BUYER'S VS. SELLER'S MARKET

A ****Buyer's Market**** occurs when supply exceeds demand, giving buyers negotiation leverage. A ****Seller's Market**** is characterized by low inventory and high competition, often leading to bidding wars and record prices.

ABSORPTION RATE

This measures how fast properties sell in a given month. It is calculated by dividing the number of sales by the number of active listings. An absorption rate below 15% indicates a Buyer's Market; above 20% signals a Seller's Market.

2. Capital Appreciation & Depreciation

****Capital Appreciation**** is the increase in the value of an asset over time, driven by market demand or neighborhood infrastructure improvements (like new MRT lines). Conversely, ****Physical Depreciation**** is the wear and tear on a structure. Sophisticated investors look for assets where appreciation outpaces the cost of maintenance and depreciation, resulting in true wealth creation.

 **INVESTOR INSIGHT:** Real estate cycles in Thailand typically run in 7-10 year increments. Understanding where we are in the "Absorption Cycle" prevents investors from buying at the psychological peak and selling during a temporary correction.

3. Ownership Structures: The Rights of Use

In Thailand, "Ownership" is not a singular concept. It is a bundle of rights that varies depending on the asset type and the nationality of the holder. Professional fluency in these terms is the only way to ensure your asset is legally defensible.

Term	Legal Definition	Primary Usage
Freehold	Absolute ownership in perpetuity. The title belongs to you forever.	Condos & Land (for Thais)
Leasehold	Ownership of the right to use for a fixed period (typically 30 years).	Villas & State Land
Sap-Ing-Sith	"Right of Use" as a property right. More secure than standard leasehold.	Modern Long-term Assets
Usufruct	The right to enjoy the use and benefits of another's property for life.	Estate Planning

4. Branded Residences & Mixed-Use

A **Branded Residence** is a luxury development managed by a global hotel brand (e.g., Four Seasons, Ritz-Carlton). Owners benefit from hotel-level service and a "Brand Premium" in the resale market. A **Mixed-Use Development** combines residential, retail, and commercial office space in a single project, creating a "live-work-play" ecosystem that often yields higher rental demand due to convenience.

5. Fractional Ownership vs. REIT

Fractional Ownership allows multiple buyers to own a percentage of a high-value asset, typically sharing the usage time. A **REIT** (Real Estate Investment Trust) is a corporation that owns and operates income-producing real estate. Buying into a REIT is a "paper" investment in a portfolio, while Fractional Ownership is a direct interest in a specific physical asset. REMAX Thailand helps clients decide which structure fits their risk profile.

THE "CHANOTE" STANDARD

In the Thai hierarchy of deeds, the **NS4J (Chanote)** is the "Gold Standard." It is the only deed that uses GPS-precise markers and allows for absolute freehold transfer. Never accept a lower-tier deed (like NS3 or Sor Kor 1) for a high-value investment without expert legal vetting.

6. Financial Fluency: ROI, Yield & Cap Rate

To an investor, a property is a stream of cash flows. If you cannot calculate the net return, you are speculating, not investing. Here are the essential mathematical definitions for property wealth.

GROSS RENTAL YIELD

The annual rent divided by the purchase price. (e.g., 50,000 rent x 12 / 10,000,000 = 6%). This is a "headline" figure and does not account for expenses.

NET RENTAL YIELD

Annual rent **minus** all expenses (CAM fees, taxes, insurance, management) divided by the purchase price. This is the only number that truly matters.

CAPITALIZATION RATE (CAP RATE)

Similar to Net Yield, but used to value a property based on its income. Investors use current market "Cap Rates" to decide if a property is priced fairly.

CASH-ON-CASH RETURN

The annual pre-tax cash flow divided by the actual cash invested (the down payment). Essential for those using bank financing.

7. LTV & DSR: The Banking Maze

LTV (Loan-to-Value) is the percentage of the property value a bank is willing to lend. A 70% LTV means you need a 30% cash down payment. **DSR (Debt Service Ratio)** is the percentage of your monthly income that goes toward debt payments. In Thailand, banks typically limit DSR to 40% for residential loans. Understanding these ratios is vital before you place a non-refundable reservation deposit.

8. Equity vs. Liquidity

Equity is the market value of your property minus the outstanding mortgage. It is your "wealth on paper." **Liquidity** is the ease with which that asset can be converted to cash. Real estate is inherently "illiquid" compared to stocks. A professional REMAX agent focuses on "High-Liquidity" assets—properties that are easy to resell quickly—to protect the investor's exit strategy.



THE YIELD TRAP

Be wary of "Guaranteed Yields" offered by developers. Often, the guarantee is just your own money being returned to you via an inflated purchase price. Always calculate the "Organic Yield" based on current local market rent.

9. Legal Status: Encumbrances & Liens

At the Land Office, a "Clean Title" is the only thing that matters. Any restriction on the owner's right to transfer the property is an **Encumbrance**. These must be cleared before the final closing, or the transaction will be blocked by the government officer.

LIEN (MORTGAGE)

A legal claim by a bank or lender on the property as security for a debt. The "Back of the Chanote" records this. It is cleared via a "Redemption" process on closing day.

SERVITUDE (EASEMENT)

A right granted to a third party to use part of your land (e.g., for a road or utility line). This is permanent and "follows the land" to the next owner.

10. Power of Attorney (POA) Protocols

In 2026, many deals are closed via **POA (Proxy)**. However, the Land Department only accepts their specific government form (**Tor. Dor. 21**). A standard English POA from your home country is invalid without official consular legalization and translation. REMAX Thailand manages this process to ensure your "Signature by Proxy" is legally bulletproof.

11. The Debt-Free Certificate

Under the Condominium Act, a unit cannot be transferred if there are outstanding maintenance fees. The **Debt-Free Certificate** (Non-Debt Letter) is the official document issued by the Juristic Person confirming all fees are paid. Without this physical paper, the Land Office will not even begin the transfer process.

DUE DILIGENCE: THE CHAIN OF TITLE

Professional due diligence involves more than just looking at the current owner. We verify the **Chain of Title**—the history of every transfer for the last 30 years—to ensure the land was never subdivided illegally or taken from a protected forest zone. This historical clarity is what protects your long-term capital.

12. Handover Mastery: Snagging & Completion

The transition from "Under Construction" to "Handed Over" is the period of highest risk for a buyer. Mastering these terms ensures you don't accept a sub-standard product from a developer or previous owner.

DEFECT LIABILITY PERIOD

The timeframe (typically 1-5 years) during which a developer is legally bound to repair structural and cosmetic defects at no cost to the owner.

SNAG LIST (PUNCH LIST)

A detailed list of minor repairs required before final payment. We recommend a professional "Snagging Company" to find the hidden leaks and electrical issues.

PRACTICAL COMPLETION

The point at which the building is functional and safe for occupation, even if minor cosmetic work remains.

RETENTION FUND

A portion of the final payment (usually 3-5%) held back by the buyer until the snag list is 100% rectified.

13. The Sinking Fund vs. CAM Fees

****CAM Fees (Common Area Maintenance)**** are paid monthly or annually to cover day-to-day operations (security, cleaning, pool). The ****Sinking Fund**** is a one-time large payment (collected on transfer) used for major long-term repairs (e.g., replacing elevators, repainting the building facade). A healthy Sinking Fund is the primary indicator of a building's future value preservation.

14. Utility Meter Deposits

Often forgotten, the electricity and water meters are assets. When buying a property, you aren't just taking over the service; you are buying the ownership of the meter and its associated deposit held by the BEA or MEA. A professional handover includes the ****Transfer of Meter Deposit Forms****, ensuring you are the legal account holder from Day 1.

✂ **HANDOVER TIP:** Never sign the "Acceptance of Handover" form until the major snags are fixed. Once you sign, the burden of proof for future repairs shifts to you, making it significantly harder to compel the developer to return for repairs.

15. The REMAX Essential Checklist

Before you commit to a transaction, ensure you have clarity on these five terminology pillars. Fluency in these areas reduces transaction risk by 80%.

TECHNICAL CHECKS

- ✓ **Ownership Type:** Freehold, Lease, or Sap-Ing-Sith?
- ✓ **Deed Scan:** Verify red garuda (NS4J) status.
- ✓ **Metric Sync:** Does SQM match the Blue Book?
- ✓ **Zoning Check:** FAR/OSR restrictions verified?

FINANCIAL REALITY

- ✓ **Net Yield:** All expenses deducted from ROI?
- ✓ **LTV Status:** Cash down payment ready?
- ✓ **Sinking Fund:** One-time fee budgeted?
- ✓ **Tax Split:** Responsibilities clear in the SPA?

16. Regulatory Disclaimer

Disclaimer: The definitions, metrics, and technical frameworks provided in this Mastery Guide are for general informational purposes only. Real estate laws, banking policies (LTV/DSR), and Land Office regulations in the Kingdom of Thailand are subject to frequent change without prior notice. While every effort has been made to ensure accuracy at the time of publication (2026 Edition), REMAX Thailand makes no warranties regarding the absolute completeness or currentness of this information.

Legal Recommendation: Because real estate terminology can have significant financial and legal consequences, **REMAX Thailand strongly recommends that all clients retain independent legal and financial counsel** to verify specific asset details and contractual terms before signing any binding agreements.

A Note from Eran Milo

"Knowledge is the most valuable asset you can bring to a closing table. At REMAX Thailand, we don't just sell property; we provide the intellectual infrastructure needed to build long-term wealth. By mastering these essential terms, you move from a participant to a leader in the Thai real estate market. I invite you to experience the world's most productive real estate service."

WHY PARTNER WITH REMAX THAILAND?

- ★ Data-Driven Market Intelligence
- ★ Technical Due Diligence Support
- ★ Global Network in 110+ Countries
- ★ TREBA-Certified Fiduciary Standards

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